

# Exercice\_pairs\_Sujet\_4

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## Exercice évalué par les pairs

### Importation et tri des données

```
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.0 --
```

```
## v ggplot2 3.3.0      v purrr  0.3.4
## v tibble  3.0.1      v dplyr  0.8.5
## v tidyr   1.0.2      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.3.1      v forcats 0.5.0
```

```
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
```

```
liglab2 <- read_table("http://mescal.imag.fr/membres/arnaud.legrand/teaching/2014/RICM4_EP_ping/liglab2")
```

```
## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   X1 = col_character(),
##   X2 = col_character()
## )
```

```
liglab2
```

```
## # A tibble: 44,413 x 2
##   X1          X2
##   <chr>      <chr>
## 1 [1421761682.052~ 665 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=1~
## 2 [1421761682.277~ 1373 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=~
## 3 [1421761682.502~ 262 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=1~
## 4 [1421761682.729~ 1107 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=~
## 5 [1421761682.934~ 1128 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=~
## 6 [1421761683.160~ 489 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=1~
## 7 [1421761683.443~ 1759 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=~
```

```
## 8 [1421761683.672~ 1146 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=~
## 9 [1421761683.899~ 884 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=1~
## 10 [1421761684.122~ 1422 bytes from lig-publig.imag.fr (129.88.11.7): icmp_seq=~
## # ... with 44,403 more rows
```

```
names(liglab2)[names(liglab2) == "X1"] <- "date"
liglab2<-separate(liglab2, X2, sep = " ", extra = "merge",
into = c("taille", "a_virer"))
liglab2<-separate(liglab2, a_virer, sep = "time=", extra = "merge",
into = c("a_virer", "time"))
```

```
## Warning: Expected 2 pieces. Missing pieces filled with `NA` in 377 rows [13,
## 117, 315, 509, 591, 648, 1088, 1092, 1132, 1154, 1351, 1543, 1692, 1766, 1958,
## 2100, 2183, 2210, 2456, 2479, ...].
```

```
liglab2$a_virer <- NULL
```

```
liglab2$time = substr(liglab2$time,1,nchar(liglab2$time)-3)
liglab2$date = substr(liglab2$date,2,nchar(liglab2$date)-1)
liglab2$time <- as.numeric(as.character(liglab2$time))
liglab2$taille <- as.numeric(as.character(liglab2$taille))
lignes_na = apply(liglab2, 1, function(x) any(is.na(x)))
```

```
lignes_na = apply(liglab2, 1, function(x) any(is.na(x)))
liglab2[lignes_na,]
```

```
## # A tibble: 377 x 3
##   date           taille time
##   <chr>          <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 1421761684.770828      21    NA
## 2 1421761706.146320       9    NA
## 3 1421761748.647974       9    NA
## 4 1421761788.500516       9    NA
## 5 1421761805.331125      18    NA
## 6 1421761817.308839      18    NA
## 7 1421761907.694059      18    NA
## 8 1421761908.512826      13    NA
## 9 1421761916.713419      20    NA
## 10 1421761921.229704      21    NA
## # ... with 367 more rows
```

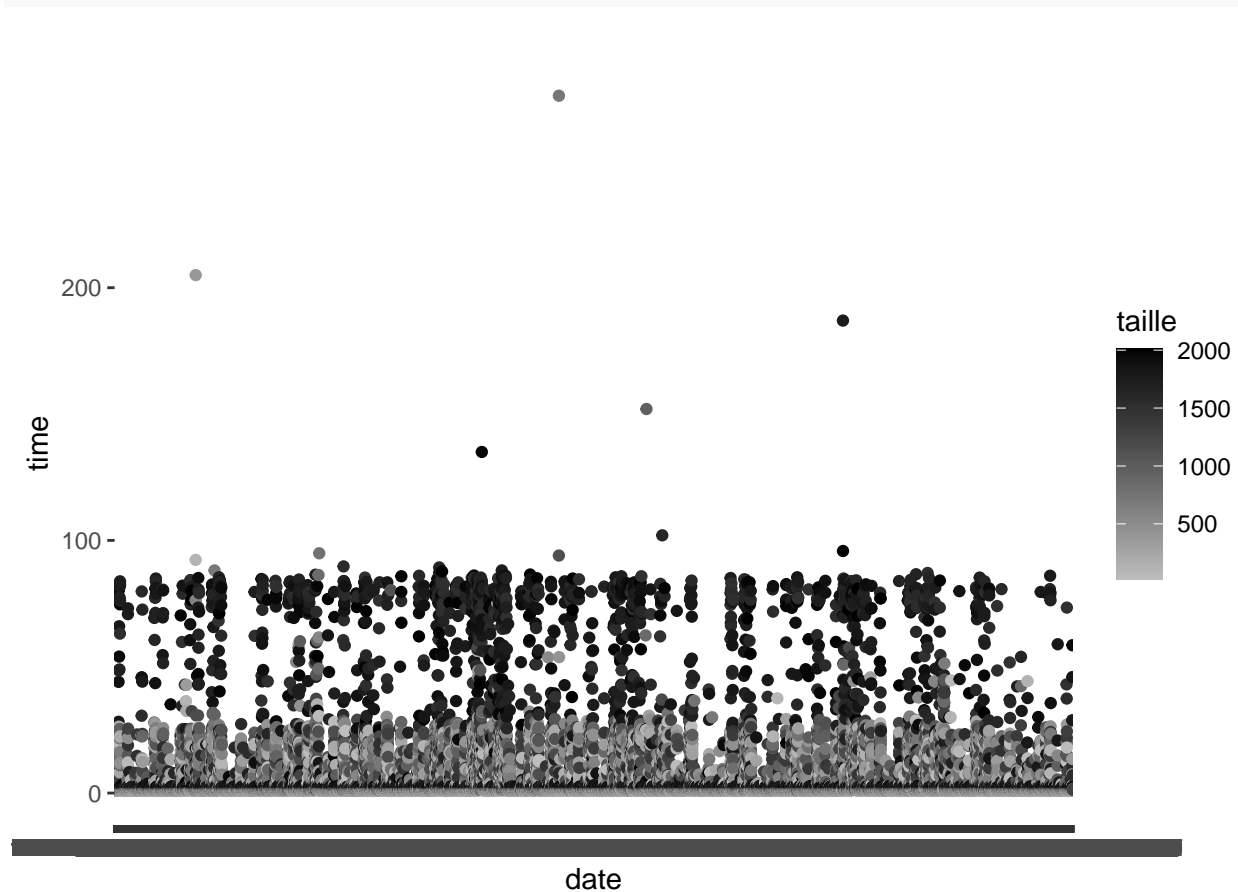
```
liglab2 <- liglab2 %>% drop_na("time")
liglab2
```

```
## # A tibble: 44,036 x 3
##   date           taille time
##   <chr>          <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 1421761682.052172      665 22.5
## 2 1421761682.277315     1373 21.2
## 3 1421761682.502054      262 21.2
## 4 1421761682.729257     1107 23.3
```

```
## 5 1421761682.934648 1128 1.41
## 6 1421761683.160397 489 21.9
## 7 1421761683.443055 1759 78.7
## 8 1421761683.672157 1146 25.1
## 9 1421761683.899933 884 24
## 10 1421761684.122687 1422 19.5
## # ... with 44,026 more rows
```

## 1) Représentation graphique :

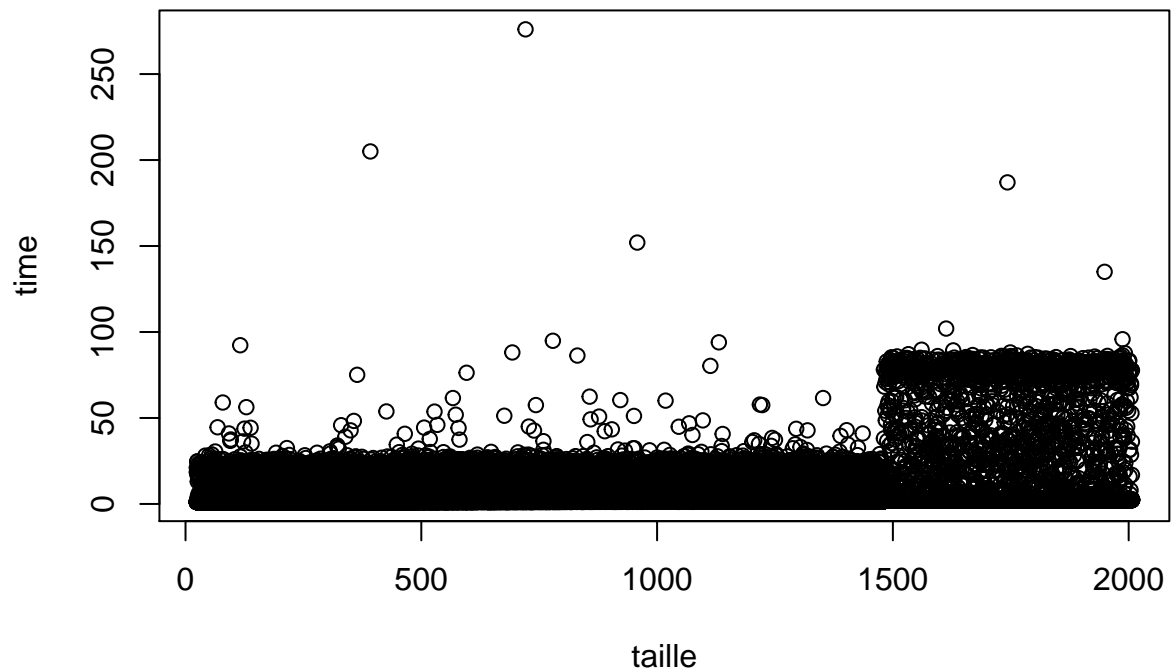
```
ggplot(liglab2) +
  geom_point(aes(x = date, y = time, color = taille)) +
  scale_color_gradient(low = 'gray', high = 'gray0')
```



Il semble que la taille des messages ne soit pas la seule en cause dans le temps de transmission.

## 2) Représentation graphique : temps de transmission en fonction de la taille des messages

```
with(liglab2, plot(taille, time, type = "p"))
```



On peut voir la rupture à partir de 1500 octets environ.

```
donnees_low <- subset(liglab2, taille <= 1500)
donnees_high <- subset(liglab2, taille > 1500)
donnees_high
```

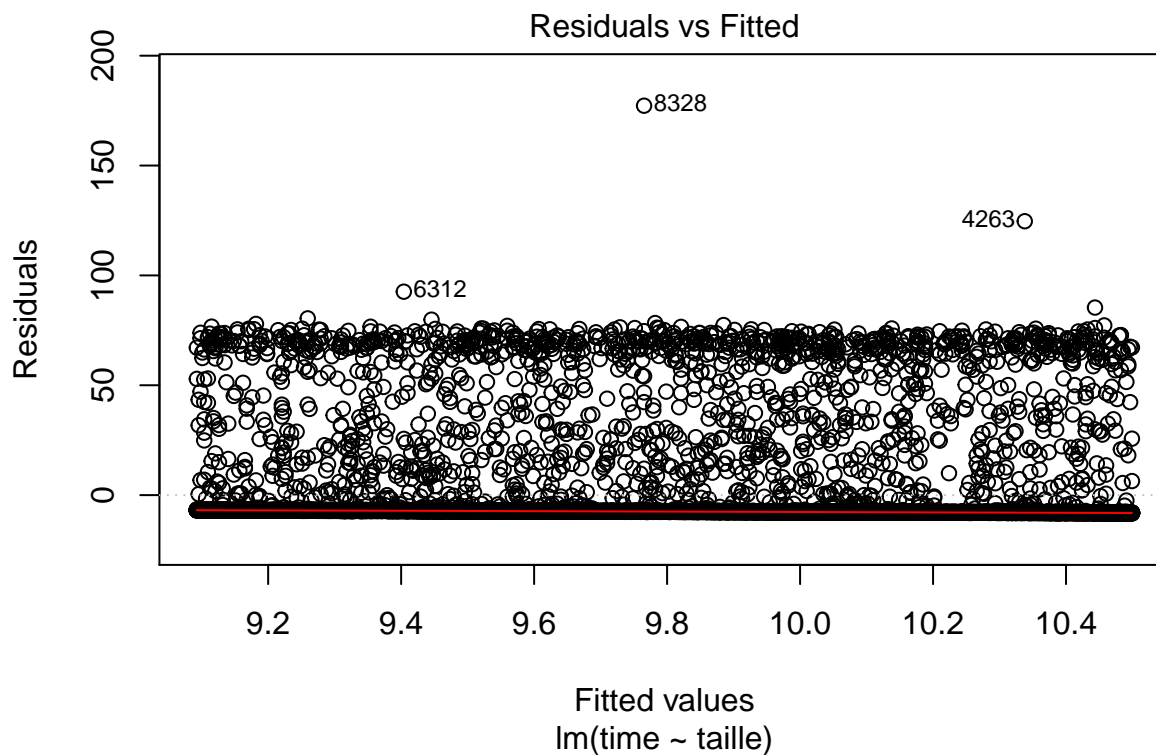
```
## # A tibble: 10,958 x 3
##   date      taille  time
##   <chr>      <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 1421761683.443055 1759 78.7
## 2 1421761685.620117 1843  2.31
## 3 1421761686.234464 1511  2.18
## 4 1421761687.463275 1510  2.17
## 5 1421761687.874230 1966  2.2
## 6 1421761688.694652 1518  2.19
## 7 1421761690.335289 1732  2.29
## 8 1421761691.359824 1520  2.1
## 9 1421761691.974735 1509  2.23
## 10 1421761692.385087 1539  2.17
## # ... with 10,948 more rows
```

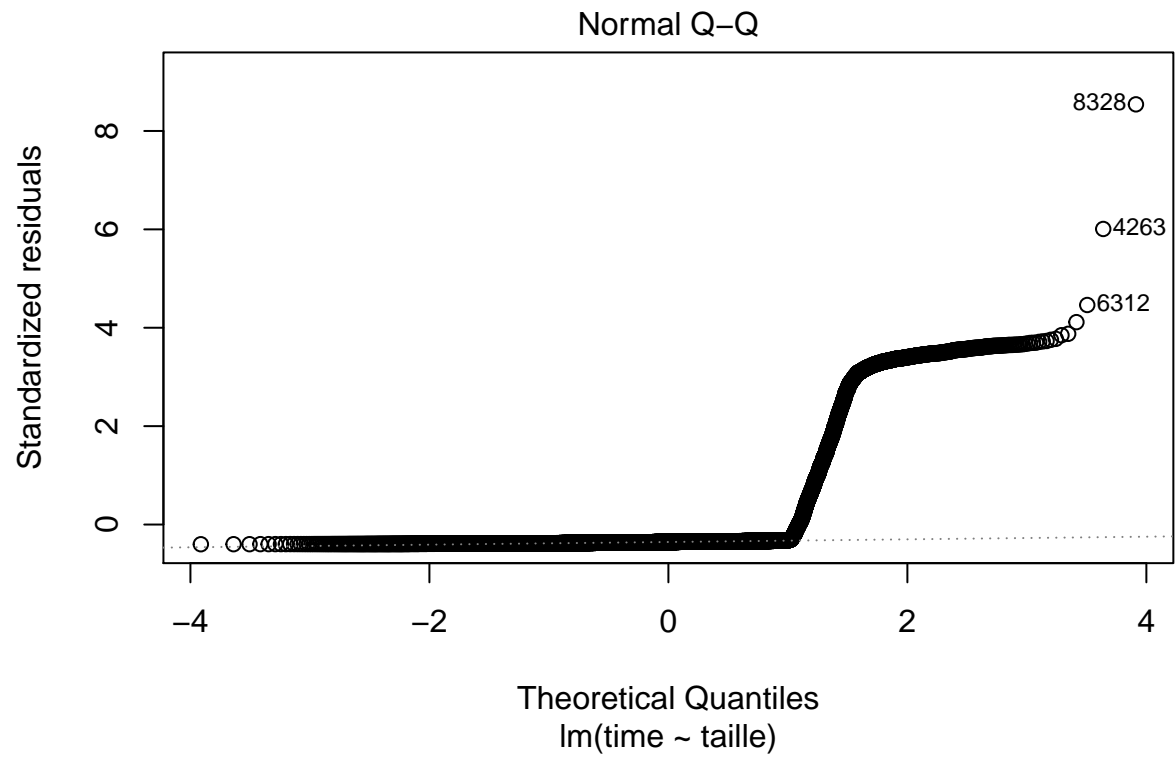
### 3) Régression linéaire :

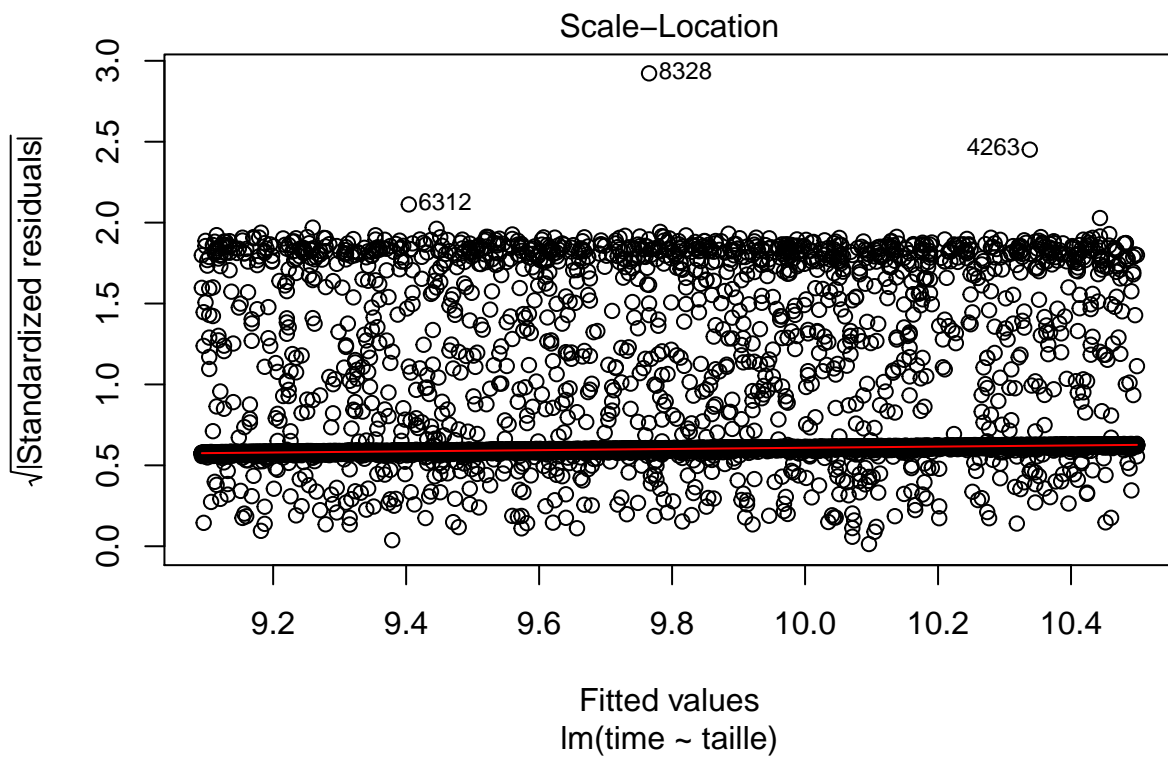
```
high_time.lm <- lm(time~taille, data = donnees_high)
summary(high_time.lm)
```

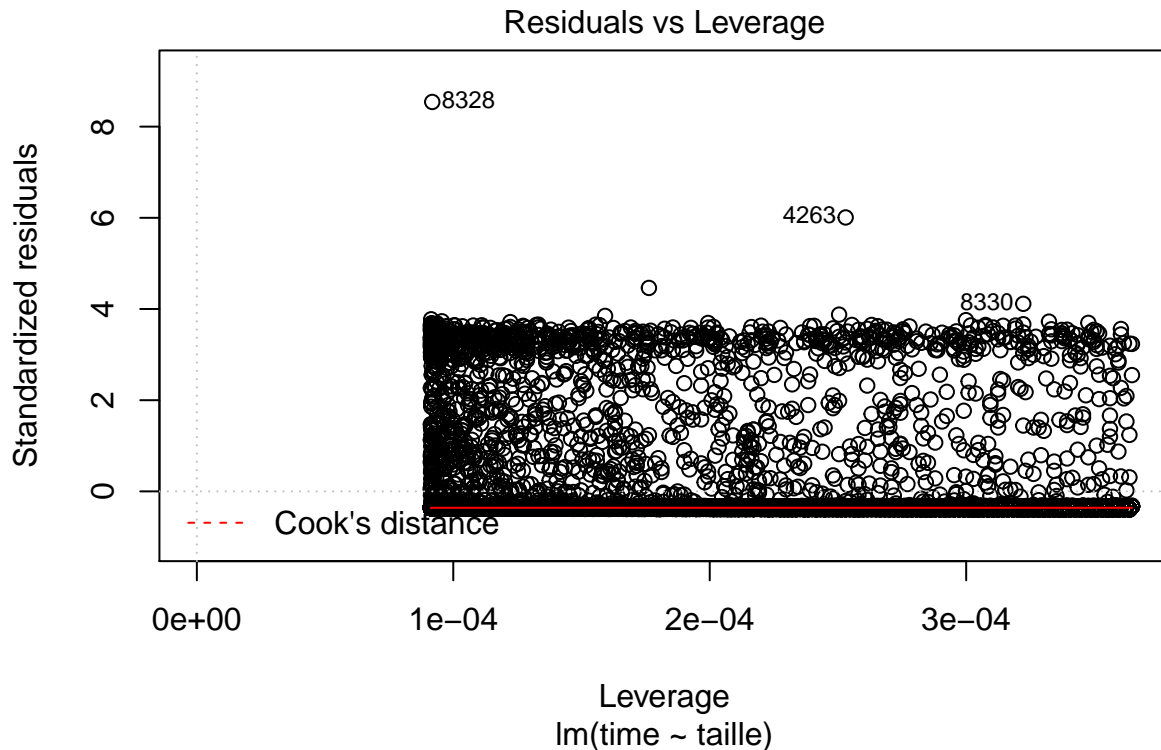
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = time ~ taille, data = donnees_high)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -8.309  -7.743  -7.356  -6.986  177.235
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  4.920748   2.385179   2.063  0.0391 *
## taille       0.002779   0.001355   2.051  0.0403 *
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 20.75 on 10956 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.0003839, Adjusted R-squared:  0.0002927
## F-statistic: 4.208 on 1 and 10956 DF, p-value: 0.04026
```

```
plot(high_time.lm)
```





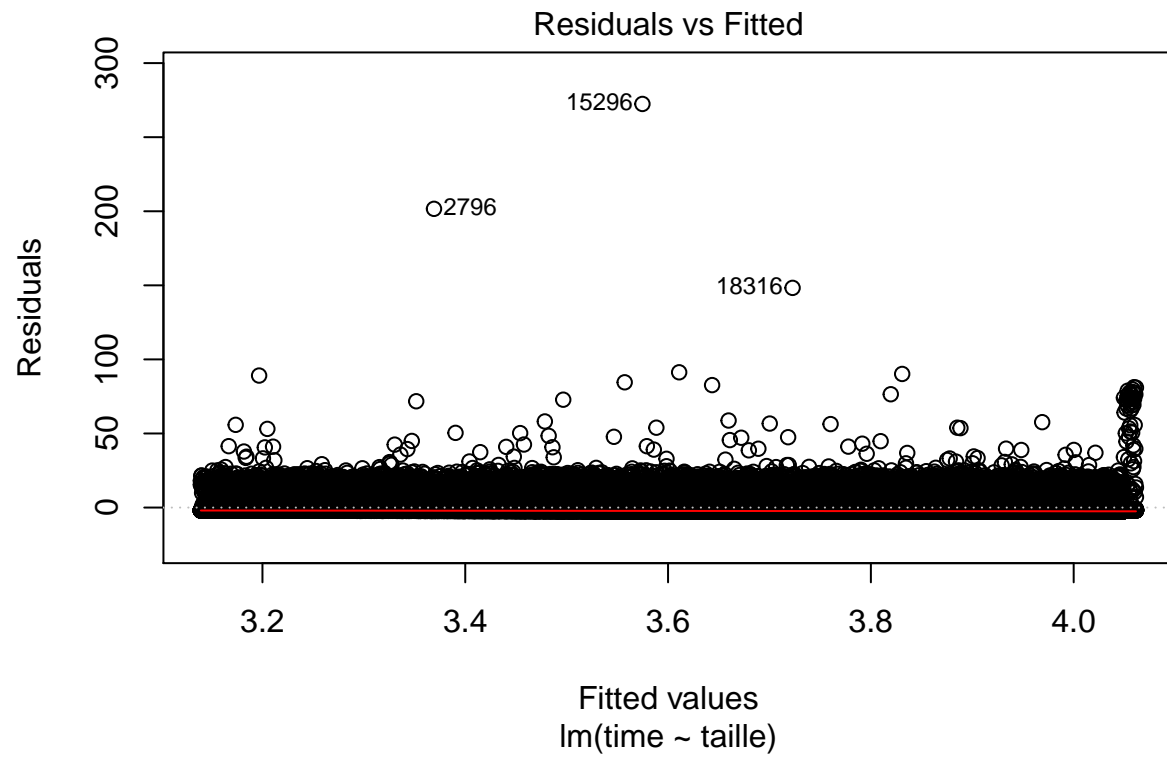


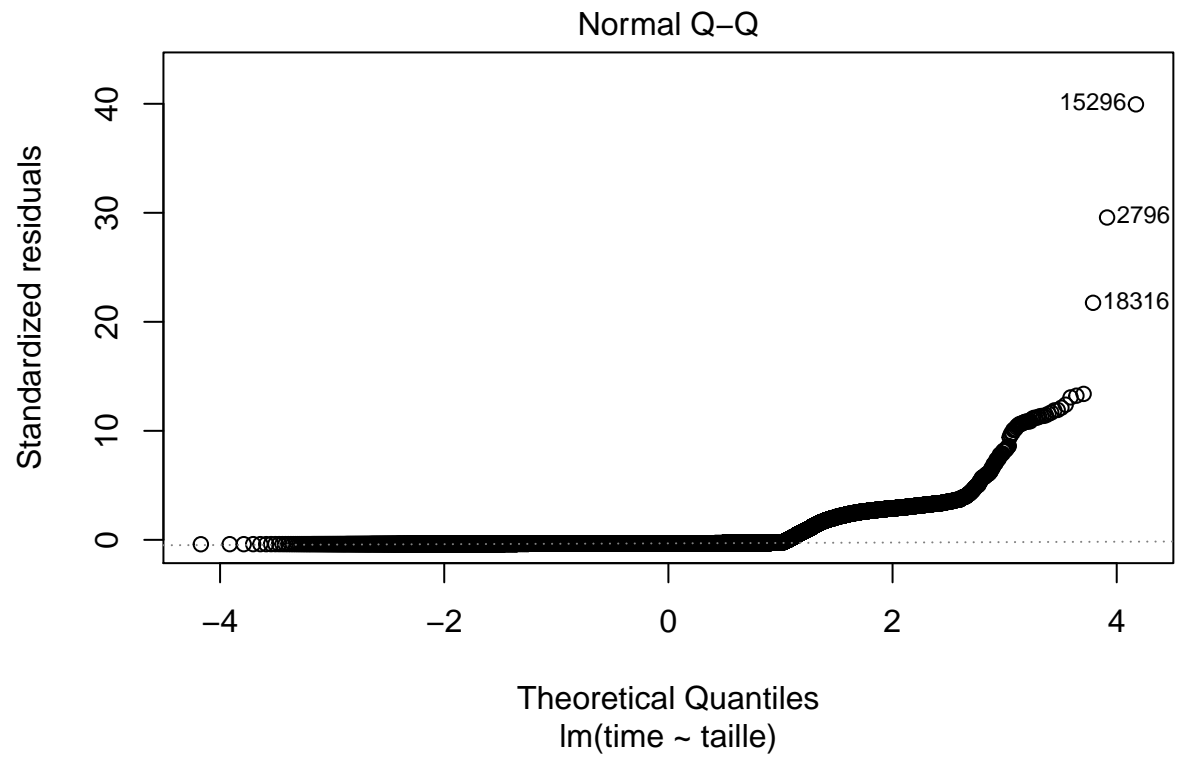


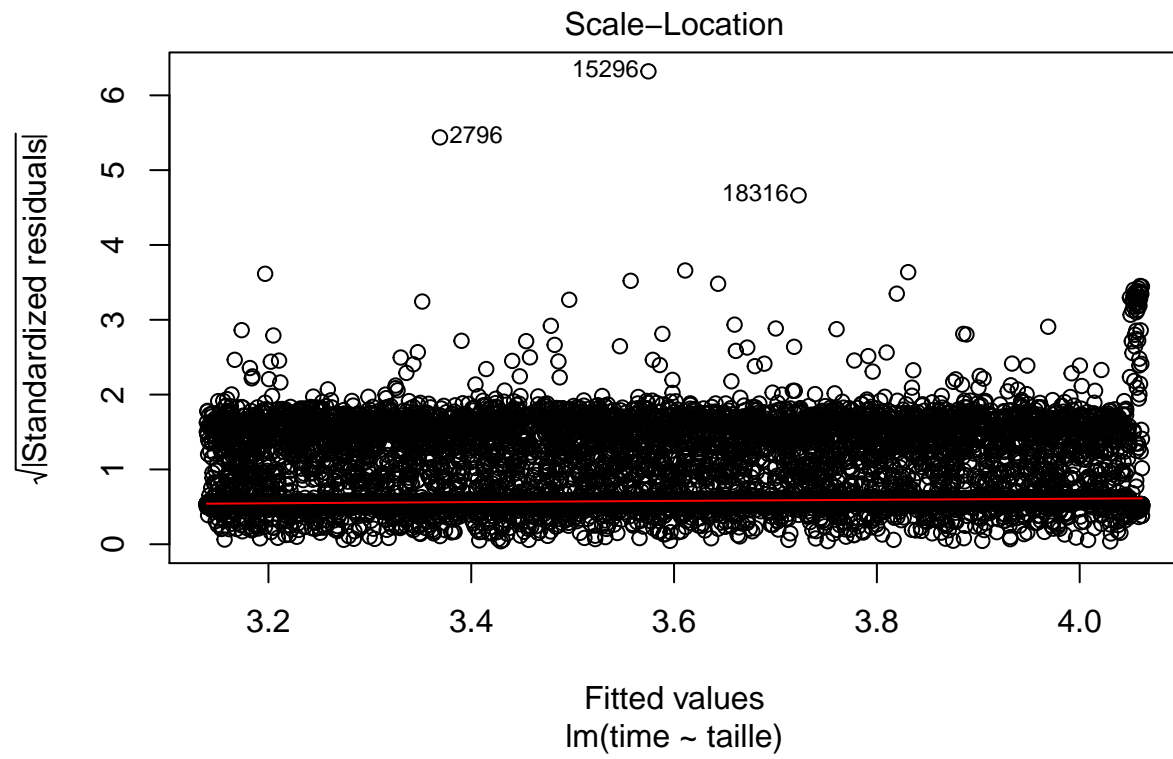
```
low_time.lm <- lm(time~taille, data = donnees_low)
summary(low_time.lm)
```

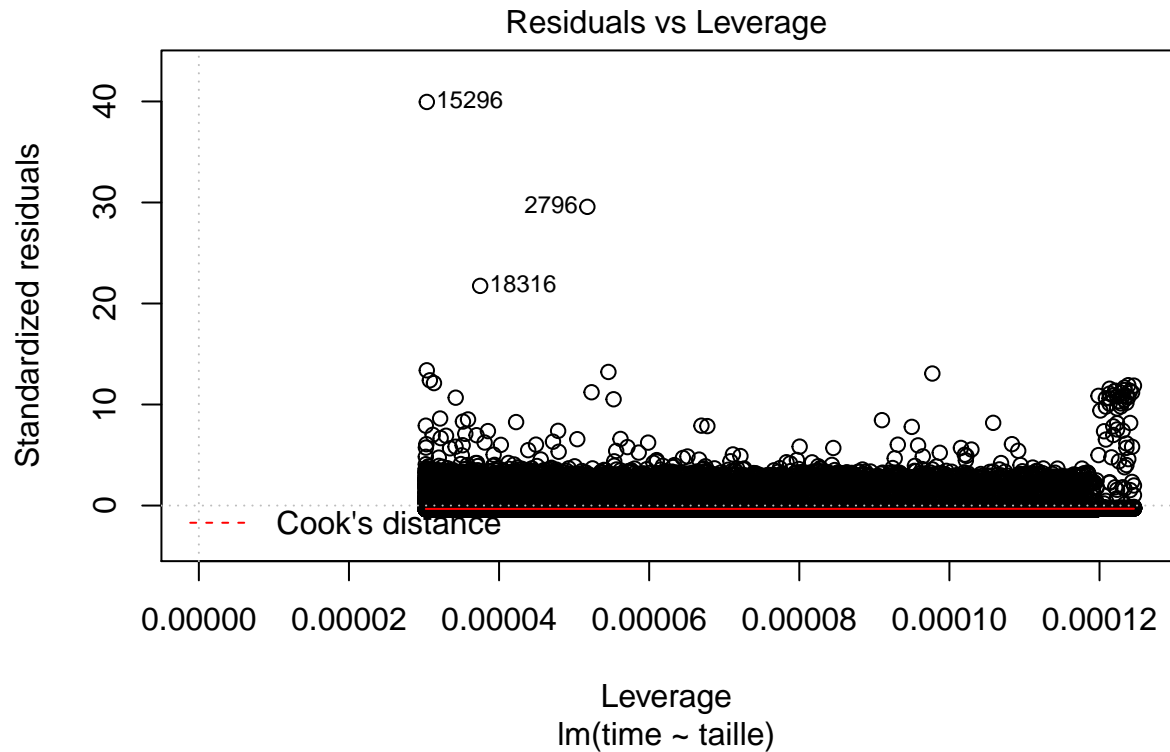
```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = time ~ taille, data = donnees_low)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -2.753  -2.379  -2.207  -2.030   272.425
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  3.124e+00  7.614e-02  41.031  < 2e-16 ***
## taille       6.248e-04  8.834e-05   7.072 1.55e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 6.819 on 33076 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.00151,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.00148
## F-statistic: 50.02 on 1 and 33076 DF,  p-value: 1.555e-12
```

```
plot(low_time.lm)
```









La valeur  $\alpha$  et donc la latence des données de taille élevée est de 4.920748 et la valeur  $\beta$  est de 0.002779. La valeur  $\alpha$  et donc la latence des données de taille basse est de 3.124 et la valeur  $\beta$  est de 0.0006248.

Ces valeurs indiquent une capacité respectivement de  $1/0.002779$  et  $1/0.0006248$ , soit 359.84 pour les données de taille élevée et 1600.051 pour les données de taille basse.